

10 + 2 Template Information

CUSTOMER ACCOUNT # IS			DERINGER THE BROKER		SCAC CODE & MBL#		SCAC CODE& HBL#
YES NO					CONSOLIDATOR NAME & ADDRESS		
SELLER NAME & ADDRESS					CONSOLIDATOR NAM	IE & AD	DRESS
MANUFACTURER NAME (MID IF AVAILABLE)					CONTAINER STUFFING LOCATION – NAME & ADDRESS		
	/IE & ADDR	RESS		IMPORTER OF RECORD NAME		IRS#	
SHIP TO NAME & ADDRESS					CONSIGNEE NAME		IRS#
BOND HOLDER			IRS#		FORWARDING AGENT		
SURETY CODE#				E#			
VESSEL & VOYAGE NUMBER		ı	PORT OF LOADING		CONTAINER NUMBER		CONTAINER TYPE/SIZE
DATE & TIME OF DEPARTURE		РО	PORT OF UNLOADING		DATE & TIME OF ARRIVAL		CONTAINERIZED YES NO
TRANSSHIPMENT		YE:	YES NO		LAST FOREIGN PORT DATE		
PART NUMBER	HARMONIZEI		QUANTITY		DESCRIPTION OF COMMODITIES	1.5	COUNTRY OF
	NUMB	EK					ORIGIN



The required data elements are listed below with a brief definition. Please note that these definitions are indicated in the existing Proposed Rule from US Customs and Border Protection and are subject to challenges from trade and industry groups. The ten elements are defined as follows:

- Manufacturer (or supplier name): This is currently defined as the entity that last manufactures, assembles, produces, or grows the commodity or the suppliers of the finished goods in the country from which they are leaving. This currently is reported in the entry process as the manufacturer identification number (MID).
- **Seller Name and Address:** This is defined as the last known entity from whom the goods were sold.
- **Buyer Name and Address:** This is defined as the last known entity to whom the goods were sold or agreed to be sold.
- **Ship to Name and Address:** This is defined as the first known location or deliver-to-party scheduled to physically receive the goods after the goods have been released from US CBP.
- Container Stuffing Location: This is defined as the name and address of the "physical" location where the goods were loaded into a container for shipping.
- **Consolidator Name and Address:** This is defined as the name and address of the party that loaded the container or arranged for the loading of the container.
- Importer of Record Number: This is defined as the importer identification as listed on the
 entry summary. If the shipment is destined for a foreign trade zone, the identification
 number of the party filing the zone entry must be provided.
- **Consignee Number:** This is defined as the importer identification number that is currently reported as the ultimate consignee on the entry summary.
- **Country of Origin:** This is defined as the same country of origin as reported on the entry summary.
- **Commodity / HTS Number:** This is defined as the current HTS number, 10 digits, for each commodity contained in the shipment.
- Lowest AMS Bill of Lading: AMS HB or MBL if AMS HB does not exist.

The other two elements making up the latter part of the working name "10+2" are:

- Vessel stow plan (container location) of the actual carrier
- Container event messages supplied by the carrier

24 hours prior to vessel departure is the minimum CBP requirement for ISF filings and in order to process the template, <u>Deringer requires it to be sent 96 hours before loading</u>. The template must be complete and contain the 10 data elements mentioned above so it can be filed timely. The template should be emailed to the appropriate Deringer office for filing and indicate either "ISF" or "10+2" in the subject line.

CA - Los Angeles: isfbuf@anderinger.com
NY - Buffalo: isfbuf@anderinger.com
NY - Champlain: isfcpl@anderinger.com
NY - New York City: jfkimport@anderinger.com
NY - New York City: jfkimport@anderinger.com
OH - Cincinnati: isfcin@anderinger.com
TX - Houston: isfhouston@anderinger.com
VT - Highgate: isfhig@anderinger.com
NY - Alexandria Bay: isfalb@anderinger.com
WA - Seattle: isfsea@anderinger.com

It is important to note that should an ISF be filed untimely and/or contain inaccurate information, CBP may assess Importers a \$5,000.00 penalty per ISF violation. Since an ISF could have multiple violations, CBP is able to issue multiple penalties on a single ISF transmission. For additional information, please see CBP's website at http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/cargo security/carriers/security filing/.